California provides two methods for determining the amount of wages and salaries to be withheld for state personal income tax:

- METHOD A Wage Bracket Table Method
- METHOD B Exact Calculation Method

METHOD A provides a quick and easy way to select the appropriate withholding amount, based on the payroll period, filing status, and number of withholding allowances (regular and additional) if claimed. The STANDARD DEDUCTION and EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE CREDIT are **already** included in the wage bracket tables. Even though this method involves fewer computations than Method B, it cannot be used with your computer in determining amounts to be withheld.

METHOD B may be used to calculate withholding amounts either manually or by computer. This method will give an exact amount of tax to withhold. To use this method, you must enter the payroll period, filing status, number of withholding allowances, standard deduction, and exemption allowance credit amounts. These amounts are included in TABLES 1 through 5 of the EXACT CALCULATION Section.

If there are any questions concerning the operation/methodology of METHOD B for computer software, contact the Franchise Tax Board at:

Franchise Tax Board, Statistical Research Section - 616 Mail Stop B-26 P.O. Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240

SPECIAL NOTE FOR MARRIED EMPLOYEES WITH EMPLOYED SPOUSES: To avoid underwithholding of State income tax liability we recommend that you use one of the following options: Single filing status to compute withholding amounts for the greater salaried spouse; **or** withhold an additional flat amount of tax.

Instructions for additional withholding allowances for estimated deductions:

All additional allowances for ESTIMATED DEDUCTIONS that are claimed on a DE 4 must be used to reduce the amount of wages subject to withholding by using steps 1 and 2 shown below. If the Form W-4 is used for California withholding purposes, all additional allowances for ESTIMATED DEDUCTIONS claimed must be treated as regular withholding allowances; **unless** the employee requests in writing that they be treated in accordance with the following:

- Subtract the employee's estimated deduction allowance shown in the "TABLE 2 ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE" from the gross wages subject to withholding; and
- 2. Compute the tax to be withheld using:

METHOD A - Wage Bracket Table Method; or METHOD B - Exact Calculation Method

If the DE 4 is used for California withholding purposes, compute the tax to be deducted and withheld based on the total number of regular withholding allowances claimed on line 1 of the DE 4.

If the Form W-4 is used for California withholding purposes, compute the tax to be deducted and withheld based on the total number of withholding allowances claimed on line 1 of Form W-4; minus the number of additional allowances for estimated deductions claimed. If Form W-4 does not separately identify the number of additional allowances for estimated deductions, the employee's request must specify the number claimed. The employee's request will remain in effect until the employee terminates it by furnishing you a signed written notice or by furnishing you a DE 4.

You may require employees to file a DE 4 when they wish to use additional allowances for estimated deductions to reduce the amount of wages subject to withholding.

Method B - Exact Calculation Method

This method is based upon applying a given percentage to the wages (after deductions) which fall within a taxable income class, adding to this product the accumulated tax for all lower tax brackets; and then subtracting a tax credit based upon the number of allowances claimed on the *Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate* (Form W-4 or DE 4). **This method also takes into consideration the special treatment of additional allowances for estimated deductions**.

The steps in computing the amount of tax to be withheld are as follows:

- Step 1 Determine if the employee's gross wages are less than, or equal to, the amount shown in "TABLE 1 LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE." If so, no income tax is required to be withheld.
- **Step 2** If the employee claims any additional withholding allowances for estimated deductions on a DE 4 form, subtract the amount shown in "TABLE 2 ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE" from the gross wages.
- Step 3 Subtract the standard deduction amount shown in "TABLE 3 STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE" to arrive at the employee's taxable income.
- Step 4 Use "TABLE 5 TAX RATE TABLE" for the payroll period and marital status to find the applicable line on which the taxable income is located. Perform the indicated calculations to arrive at the computed tax liability.
- Step 5 Subtract the tax credit shown in "TABLE 4 EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE"* from the computed tax liability to arrive at the amount of tax to be withheld.
- * If the employee uses additional allowances claimed for estimated deductions, such allowances **must not** be used in the determination of tax credits to be subtracted.
- EXAMPLE A: Weekly earnings of \$190, single, and claiming one withholding allowance on Form W-4 or DE 4.
- Step 1 Earnings for the weekly payroll period are less than the amount shown in "TABLE 1 LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$196); therefore, no income tax is to be withheld.
- EXAMPLE B: Biweekly earnings of \$1,150, married, and claiming three withholding allowances, one of which is for estimated deductions.
- Step 1 Earnings for the biweekly payroll period are **greater** than the amount shown in "TABLE 1 LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$781); therefore, income tax should be withheld.
- Step 2Earnings for biweekly payroll period
Subtract amount from "TABLE 2 ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE"\$1,150.00
-38.00
\$1,112.00Wages subject to withholding\$1,112.00
- Step 3 Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE" -236.00
 Taxable income \$ 876.00
- Step 4
 Tax computation from "TABLE 5 TAX RATE TABLE":
 Entry covering \$876 (over \$460 but not over \$1,088)
 2% of amount over \$460 (.02 x (\$876 \$460))
 Plus the marginal amount.
 +4.60
- Computed tax
 \$ 12.92
- **NOTE**: Table 5 provides a method comparable to the federal alternative method for percentage calculation of withholding. This method is a minor simplification of the exact calculation method described above in that the tax rate applies to the total taxable income with the excess amount subtracted.

Method B - Exact Calculation Method (Cont.)

EXAMPLE C:	Monthly earnings of \$3,800, married, and claiming five withholding allowances on Form	n W-4 or DE 4.
Step 1	Earnings for the monthly payroll period are greater than the amount shown in "TABLE INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$1,692); therefore, income tax should be withheld.	
Cton 2	Earnings for monthly payroll period	\$3,800.00
Step 2 Step 3	Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed. Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE"	-512.00
Step 4	Taxable income Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":	
	• Entry covering \$3,288 (over \$2,356 but not over \$3,716)	\$ 37.28
	 4% of amount over \$2,356 (.04 x (\$3,288 - \$2,356)) Plus marginal tax amount 	\$ 37.28 +37.20
	Computed tax.	
Step 5	Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 – EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for five	
	regular withholding allowances	
	Net amount of tax to be withheld	<u>\$ 40.31</u>
	Weekly earnings of \$800, unmarried head of household, and claiming three withholding Form W-4 or DE 4.	
Step 1	Earnings for the weekly payroll period are greater than the amount shown in "TABLE 1 EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$390); therefore, income tax should be withheld.	I - LOW INCOME
	Earnings for weekly payroll period	\$ 800.00
Step 2	Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed.	
Step 3	Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE"	
Step 4	Taxable incomeTABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":	<u>\$ 682.00</u>
экер т	• Entry covering \$682 (over \$544 but not over \$701).	
	4% of amount over \$544 (.04 x (\$682 - \$544))	. \$ 5.52
	Plus marginal tax amount	<u>+8.59</u> \$ 14.11
Step 5	Computed tax Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for three	
Otep 5	regular withholding allowances	-4.73
	Net amount of tax to be withheld	
NOTE:	Employers may determine the amount of income tax to be withheld for an annual payro prorate the tax back to the payroll period. This method may be useful to employers whemployees being paid for more than one payroll period and want to conserve compute storing only the annual tax rates, wage brackets, deduction values, and tax credits.	io have
EXAMPLE E:		
Step 1	Earnings for the semi-monthly payroll period are greater than the amount shown in "TAINCOME EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$846); therefore, income tax should be withheld.	ABLE 1 - LOW
	Annualized wages and salary (24 x \$1,600)	\$ 38,400.00
Step 2	Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed.	0.4.40.00
Step 3	Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE" Taxable income	
Step 4	Taxable income Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE":	<u>\$ 32,200.00</u>
	 Entry covering \$32,260 (over \$28,266 but not over \$44,612) 	
	4% of amount over \$28,266 (.04 x (\$32,260 - \$28,266))	. \$ 159.76
	Plus marginal tax amount Computed annual tax	
Step 5	Computed annual tax Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for four	. φ 000.04
2P A	regular withholding allowances	-328.00
	Annual amount of tax to be withheld	. \$ 277.84
	Divide by number of payroll periods in year (24)	<u>\$ 11.58</u>

Method B - Exact Calculation Method (Cont.)

NOTE:	Employers may determine the amount of income tax to be withheld for an annual payroll period and figure the tax for the payroll period. This method may be useful to employers who have employees being paid for a lump sum, or a yearly amount not withheld on; and want to conserve computer memory by storing only the annual tax rates, wage brackets, deduction values, and tax credits.						
EXAMPLE F:	Annual earnings of \$36,000, monthly pay period, married, and claiming four allowances DE 4.	on Form W-4 or					
Step 1	Earnings for the annual payroll period are greater than the amount shown in "TABLE 1 EXEMPTION TABLE" (\$20,302); therefore, income tax should be withheld.	- LOW INCOME					
Step 2 Step 3 Step 4	Annualized wages and/or monthly salary (12 x \$3,000) Not applicable - no estimated deduction allowance claimed. Subtract amount from "TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE"	\$ 36,000.00 -6,140.00 \$ 29,860.00					
Step 5 Step 6	Tax computation from "TABLE 5 - TAX RATE TABLE": Entry covering \$29,860 (over \$28,266 but not over \$44,612) 4% of amount over \$28,266 (.04 x (\$29,860 - \$28,266)) Plus marginal tax amount Computed annual tax Subtract amount from "TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE" for four regular withholding allowances. Annual amount of tax to be withheld Divide by number of payroll periods in year (12)	\$ 63.76 +446.08 \$ 509.84 -328.00 \$ 181.84 \$ 15.15					

TABLE 1 - LOW INCOME EXEMPTION TABLE

	SINGLE, DUAL INCOME MARRIED		 //ARRIED	UNMARRIED
	OR MARRIED WITH	ALLOWANCES	ON DE 4 OR W-4	HEAD OF
PAYROLL PERIOD	MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS	'0' OR '1'	'2' OR MORE	HOUSEHOLD
WEEKLY	\$196	\$196	\$390	\$390
BIWEEKLY	\$391	\$391	\$781	\$781
SEMI-MONTHLY	\$424	\$424	\$846	\$846
MONTHLY	\$848	\$848	\$1,692	\$1,692
QUARTERLY	\$2,544	\$2,544	\$5,076	\$5,076
SEMI-ANNUAL	\$5,089	\$5,089	\$10,151	\$10,151
ANNUAL	\$10,177	\$10,177	\$20,302	\$20,302
DAILY/MISCELLANEC	OUS \$39	\$39	\$78	\$78

TABLE 2 - ESTIMATED DEDUCTION TABLE

ADDITIONAL WITHHOLDING ALLOWANCES *	WEEKLY	BI- WEEKLY	SEMI- MONTHLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	SEMI- ANNUAL	ANNUAL	DAILY/ MISC.
1	\$19	\$38	\$42	\$83	\$250	\$500	\$1,000	\$4
2	\$38	\$77	\$83	\$167	\$500	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$8
3	\$58	\$115	\$125	\$250	\$750	\$1,500	\$3,000	\$12
4	\$77	\$154	\$167	\$333	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$15
5	\$96	\$192	\$208	\$417	\$1,250	\$2,500	\$5,000	\$19
6	\$115	\$231	\$250	\$500	\$1,500	\$3,000	\$6,000	\$23
7	\$135	\$269	\$292	\$583	\$1,750	\$3,500	\$7,000	\$27
8	\$154	\$308	\$333	\$667	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$8,000	\$31
9	\$173	\$346	\$375	\$750	\$2,250	\$4,500	\$9,000	\$35
10**	\$192	\$385	\$417	\$833	\$2,500	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$38

^{*} Number of Additional Withholding Allowances for Estimated Deductions claimed on form DE-4 or W-4.

^{**} If the number of Additional Withholding Allowances for Estimated Deductions claimed is greater than 10, multiply the amount shown for one Additional Allowance by the number claimed.

TABLE 3 - STANDARD DEDUCTION TABLE

	SINGLE, DUAL INCOME MARRIED	MA	RRIED	UNMARRIED
	OR MARRIED WITH	ALLOWANCES	ON DE 4 OR W-4	HEAD OF
PAYROLL PERIOD	MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS	'0' OR '1'	'2' OR MORE	HOUSEHOLD
WEEKLY	\$59	\$59	\$118	\$118
BIWEEKLY	\$118	\$118	\$236	\$236
SEMI-MONTHLY	\$128	\$128	\$256	\$256
MONTHLY	\$256	\$256	\$512	\$512
QUARTERLY	\$768	\$768	\$1,535	\$1,535
SEMI-ANNUAL	\$1,535	\$1,535	\$3,070	\$3,070
ANNUAL	\$3,070	\$3,070	\$6,140	\$6,140
DAILY/MISCELLANEO	US \$12	\$12	\$24	\$24

TABLE 4 - EXEMPTION ALLOWANCE TABLE

ALLOWANCES	PAYROLL PERIOD										
ON DE 4 OR W-4	WEEKLY	BI- WEEKLY	SEMI- MONTHLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	SEMI- ANNUAL	ANNUAL	DAILY/ MISC.			
0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00			
1	\$1.58	\$3.15	\$3.42	\$6.83	\$20.50	\$41.00	\$82.00	\$0.32			
2	\$3.15	\$6.31	\$6.83	\$13.67	\$41.00	\$82.00	\$164.00	\$0.63			
3	\$4.73	\$9.46	\$10.25	\$20.50	\$61.50	\$123.00	\$246.00	\$0.95			
4	\$6.31	\$12.62	\$13.67	\$27.33	\$82.00	\$164.00	\$328.00	\$1.26			
5	\$7.88	\$15.77	\$17.08	\$34.17	\$102.50	\$205.00	\$410.00	\$1.58			
6	\$9.46	\$18.92	\$20.50	\$41.00	\$123.00	\$246.00	\$492.00	\$1.89			
7	\$11.04	\$22.08	\$23.92	\$47.83	\$143.50	\$287.00	\$574.00	\$2.21			
8	\$12.62	\$25.23	\$27.33	\$54.67	\$164.00	\$328.00	\$656.00	\$2.52			
9	\$14.19	\$28.38	\$30.75	\$61.50	\$184.50	\$369.00	\$738.00	\$2.84			
10*	\$15.77	\$31.54	\$34.17	\$68.33	\$205.00	\$410.00	\$820.00	\$3.15			

^{*} If the number of allowances claimed exceeds 10, you may determine the amount of tax credit to be allowed by multiplying the amount for one allowance by the total number of allowances.

For example, the amount of tax credit for a married taxpayer with 15 allowances, as determined on form DE 4 or W-4, on a weekly payroll period would be \$23.70.

ANNUAL PAYROLL PERIOD SINGLE PERSONS, DUAL INCOME MARRIED, OR MARRIED WITH MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS					SINGLE	ISCELLANE PERSONS RRIED WIT	, DUAL I	NCOME N	MARRIED,
IF THE TA		THE COMP	UTED TAX	(IS	IF THE TA		THE CO	OMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER	_	MOUNT ER	PLUS
\$0	\$5,962	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$23	1 0%	\$0	\$0.00
•	\$14,133	2.0%	\$5,962	•	\$23	•		\$23	\$0.23
	\$22,306	4.0%	\$14,133		\$54	•		\$54	\$0.85
	\$30,965	6.0%	\$22,306	•	\$86	\$119		\$86	\$2.13
			. ,	•	•	•			
	\$39,133			\$1,069.50	\$119	\$151		\$119	\$4.11
\$39,133	and over	9.3%	\$39,133	\$1,722.94	\$151	and over	9.3%	\$151	\$6.67
	MAR	RIED PERSO	ONS			MARRIE	D PERS	ONS	
IF THE TA	AXABLE				IF THE TA	XABLE			
INCOME	IS	THE COMP	UTED TAX	(IS	INCOME I	S	THE CO	OMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT	OF AMO	TAUC	PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT	OF AM	10UNT	PLUS
	OVER	OVE	R			OVER	OVE	ER	
¢ο	¢11 004	1 00/	¢ο	ቀለ ለለ	¢Ω	¢46	1 00/	¢ο	ቀስ ሰስ
	\$11,924	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$46		\$0 #46	\$0.00
	\$28,266	2.0%	\$11,924		\$46	•		\$46	\$0.46
	\$44,612	4.0%	\$28,266		\$108			\$108	\$1.70
	\$61,930	6.0%	. ,	\$1,099.92	\$172	\$238		\$172	\$4.26
	\$78,266	8.0%		\$2,139.00	\$238	\$302		\$238	\$8.22
\$78,266	and over	9.3%	\$78,266	\$3,445.88	\$302	and over	9.3%	\$302	\$13.34
	HEAD	OF HOUSE	HOLD			HEAD OF	HOUSE	HOLD	
IF THE TA	AXABLE				IF THE TA	XABLE			
INCOME	IS	THE COMP	UTED TAX	(IS	INCOME I	S	THE CO	OMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		OUNT ER	PLUS
\$0	\$11,930	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$46	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$11,930	\$28,267	2.0%	\$11,930	\$119.30	\$46	\$109	2.0%	\$46	\$0.46
	\$36,437	4.0%	\$28,267	\$446.04	\$109	\$140		\$109	\$1.72
	\$45,096	6.0%	\$36,437	\$772.84	\$140	\$173		\$140	\$2.96
	\$53,267	8.0%		\$1,292.38	\$173	\$205		\$173	\$4.94
	and over	9.3%		\$1,946.06		and over		\$205	\$7.50
•			•		•				

QUARTERLY PAYROLL PERIOD SINGLE PERSONS, DUAL INCOME MARRIED, OR MARRIED WITH MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS					SINGLE	NUAL PAYR PERSONS RRIED WIT	, DUAL	INCOME	•
IF THE TAXABLE INCOME IS THE COMPUTED TAX IS				IF THE TA		THE C	OMPUTE	D TAX IS	
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT 'ER	PLUS
\$0 \$1,491 \$3,533 \$5,577 \$7,741 \$9,783	\$1,491 \$3,533 \$5,577 \$7,741 \$9,783 and over	1.0% 2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0% 9.3%	\$0 \$1,491 \$3,533 \$5,577 \$7,741 \$9,783	\$0.00 \$14.91 \$55.75 \$137.51 \$267.35 \$430.71	\$2,982 \$7,066 \$11,154 \$15,482	\$2,982 \$7,066 \$11,154 \$15,482 \$19,566 and over	2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0%	\$7,066 \$11,154 \$15,482	\$0.00 \$29.82 \$111.50 \$275.02 \$534.70 \$861.42
	MARRIED	PERSONS			MA	RRIED PER	SONS		
IF THE TA		THE COMP	UTED TAX	IS	IF THE TA		THE C	OMPUTE	D TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT 'ER	PLUS
\$11,154 \$15,482	\$2,982 \$7,066 \$11,154 \$15,482 \$19,566 and over	1.0% 2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0% 9.3%	\$0 \$2,982 \$7,066 \$11,154 \$15,482 \$19,566	\$0.00 \$29.82 \$111.50 \$275.02 \$534.70 \$861.42	\$14,132 \$22,308 \$30,964	\$5,964 \$14,132 \$22,308 \$30,964 \$39,132 and over	2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0%	\$22,308 \$30,964	\$550.04 \$1,069.40
Н	EAD OF HO	USEHOLD			HEAD	OF HOUSE	HOLD		
IF THE TA		THE COMP	UTED TAX	IS	IF THE TA		THE C	OMPUTE	D TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT 'ER	PLUS
	\$2,983 \$7,067 \$9,109 \$11,274 \$13,317 and over	1.0% 2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0% 9.3%	\$0 \$2,983 \$7,067 \$9,109 \$11,274 \$13,317	\$0.00 \$29.83 \$111.51 \$193.19 \$323.09 \$486.53	\$14,134 \$18,218 \$22,548	\$5,966 \$14,134 \$18,218 \$22,548 \$26,634 and over	2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0%	\$18,218 \$22,548	\$0.00 \$59.66 \$223.02 \$386.38 \$646.18 \$973.06

SEMI-MONTHLY PAYROLL PERIOD					MONTHLY	PAYROLL	PERIO	D	
SINGLE PERSONS, DUAL INCOME MARRIED, OR MARRIED WITH MULTIPLE EMPLOYERS						PERSONS			
IF THE TA	XABLE				IF THE TA	XABLE			
INCOME I		THE COMPL	JTED TAX	IS	INCOME IS		THE C	OMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT ER	PLUS
\$0 \$248	\$248 \$589	1.0% 2.0%	\$0 \$248	\$0.00 \$2.48	\$0 \$496	\$496 \$1,178		\$0 \$496	\$0.00 \$4.96
\$589	\$929		\$589	\$9.30	\$1,178			\$1,178	\$18.60
\$929	\$1,290		\$929	\$22.90	\$1,858			\$1,858	\$45.80
\$1,290	\$1,631	8.0%	\$1,290	\$44.56	\$2,580	\$3,262	8.0%	\$2,580	\$89.12
\$1,631	and over	9.3%	\$1,631	\$71.84	\$3,262	and over	9.3%	\$3,262	\$143.68
	MAR	RIED PERSC	NS			MARRIE	D PER	SONS	
IF THE TA	XABLE				IF THE TA	XABLE			
INCOME I	S	THE COMPL	JTED TAX	IS	INCOME IS	S	THE C	OMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT	OF AMO	DUNT	PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT	OF AN	MOUNT	PLUS
	OVER	OVEF	₹			OVER	OV	ER	
\$0	\$496	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$992	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00
\$496	\$1,178	2.0%	\$496	\$4.96	\$992	\$2,356	2.0%	\$992	\$9.92
\$1,178	\$1,858	4.0%	\$1,178	\$18.60	\$2,356	\$3,716	4.0%	\$2,356	\$37.20
\$1,858	\$2,580	6.0%	\$1,858	\$45.80	\$3,716	\$5,160	6.0%	\$3,716	\$91.60
\$2,580	\$3,262	8.0%	\$2,580	\$89.12	\$5,160	\$6,524	8.0%	\$5,160	\$178.24
\$3,262	and over	9.3%	\$3,262	\$143.68	\$6,524	and over	9.3%	\$6,524	\$287.36
	HEAD	OF HOUSEH	HOLD			HEAD OF	HOUSI	EHOLD	
IF THE TA		THE COMPL	ITED TAV	10	IF THE TA		TUE C		TAX IS
INCOME	J	THE COME	JIED IAA	10	INCOME I	J		OIVIFUTEL) IAX 13
OVER	BUT NOT			PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT		MOUNT	PLUS
	OVER	OVEF	₹			OVER	OV	ER	
\$0	\$497	1.0%	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$994		\$0	\$0.00
\$497	\$1,178	2.0%	\$497	\$4.97	\$994	\$2,356		\$994	\$9.94
\$1,178	\$1,518	4.0%	\$1,178	\$18.59	\$2,356	\$3,036	4.0%	\$2,356	\$37.18
\$1,518	\$1,879	6.0%	\$1,518	\$32.19	\$3,036	\$3,758		\$3,036	\$64.38
\$1,879	\$2,219	8.0%	\$1,879	\$53.85	\$3,758	\$4,438		\$3,758	\$107.70
\$2,219	and over	9.3%	\$2,219	\$81.05	\$4,438	and over	9.3%	\$4,438	\$162.10

WEEKLY	PAYROLL F	PERIOD	BIWEEKLY PAYROLL PERIOD						
		, DUAL INCC H MULTIPLE				PERSONS RRIED WIT			
IF THE TA		THE COMPL	JTED TAX	IS	IF THE TA		THE C	OMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMC		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT ER	PLUS
\$0 \$115 \$272 \$429 \$595 \$753	\$115 \$272 \$429 \$595 \$753 and over	1.0% 2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0% 9.3%	\$0 \$115 \$272 \$429 \$595 \$753	\$0.00 \$1.15 \$4.29 \$10.57 \$20.53 \$33.17	\$0 \$230 \$544 \$858 \$1,190 \$1,506	\$858 \$1,190	2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0%	\$0 \$230 \$544 \$858 \$1,190 \$1,506	\$0.00 \$2.30 \$8.58 \$21.14 \$41.06 \$66.34
MARRIED PERSONS						MARRIE	D PER	SONS	
IF THE TAXABLE INCOME IS THE COMPUTED TAX IS		IS		IF THE TAXABLE INCOME IS THE COMPUTED TAX IS					
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT ER	PLUS
\$0 \$230 \$544 \$858 \$1,190 \$1,506	\$230 \$544 \$858 \$1,190 \$1,506 and over	1.0% 2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0% 9.3%	\$0 \$230 \$544 \$858 \$1,190 \$1,506	\$0.00 \$2.30 \$8.58 \$21.14 \$41.06 \$66.34	\$0 \$460 \$1,088 \$1,716 \$2,380 \$3,012	\$1,088 \$1,716	2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0%	\$0 \$460 \$1,088 \$1,716 \$2,380 \$3,012	\$0.00 \$4.60 \$17.16 \$42.28 \$82.12 \$132.68
	HEAD	OF HOUSEH	IOLD			HEAD OF	HOUS	EHOLD	
IF THE TA		THE COMPL	JTED TAX	IS	IF THE TA		THE C	OMPUTED	TAX IS
OVER	BUT NOT OVER	OF AMO		PLUS	OVER	BUT NOT OVER		MOUNT ER	PLUS
\$0 \$229 \$544 \$701 \$867 \$1,024	\$229 \$544 \$701 \$867 \$1,024 and over	1.0% 2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0% 9.3%	\$0 \$229 \$544 \$701 \$867 \$1,024	\$0.00 \$2.29 \$8.59 \$14.87 \$24.83 \$37.39	\$0 \$458 \$1,088 \$1,402 \$1,734 \$2,048	\$458 \$1,088 \$1,402 \$1,734 \$2,048 and over	2.0% 4.0% 6.0% 8.0%	\$0 \$458 \$1,088 \$1,402 \$1,734 \$2,048	\$0.00 \$4.58 \$17.18 \$29.74 \$49.66 \$74.78